

Engaging with your Banker and Considering Alternative Sources of Funding

ACA Small Business BootCamp Presented by: Ellen Kirton Center Director, PCC SBDC 4-29-20





POWERED BY



U.S. Small Business Administration

The Economy Impacts Lending

• During a crisis

- Job losses
- Bills still come due for businesses
- Lenders get "tight" and this will continue for a long while
- Cost of funds will go up, it's all about risk

There are economic risks

- Length of time to recover
- A global economy
- Stock market fluctuations
- A congress divided
- Cyber security





What is the lending environment?

- Bankers are:
 - --- Tight in their lending practices
 - ---Client relationships are more important than ever!
 - ---Once PPPs are over, traditional lending will be more rigorous
 - ---Traditional underwriting will resume, SBA loans will be king again just like during the recession!
- Lending options:
 - ---Types of loans
 - ----Terms of loans
 - ---Different levels of lenders







Business Owners – Moving forward

- How are businesses going to handle cash needs?
 - They need to keep an open dialogue with their banker
 - They can work with their SBDC counselor to map out a plan that outlines when loan(s) will be needed, collateral available to secure loans, and cash flow. Bankers are traditionally "cash flow lenders"



What Bankers Want to Know

About you, your business, your financial condition, etc

- I) You as a person with integrity, (people pay back loans)
- 2) Personal Credit Score
- 3) Profitability (in a "normal" environment) and debt service coverage
- 4) Potential collateral

When is it the right time to talk to a banker?

a) BEFORE you need the money....b) Have an ongoing relationship....







How A Banker Thinks!

- Ellen Kirton, 35 year banker, SVP Chase of Business Banking
 - Clients come first
 - Have a relationship with your clients, not just at time of need
 - Find the right fit for the situation
 - Example <u>people</u> pay you back Cable installation company
 - STAY IN TOUCH! equal responsibility, banker and business owner
 - Other banking relationships deposits, cash management, merchant svcs



Building a Banker Relationship

- What do you need to know as a business owner?
 - Do you know the commercial bankers at your bank?
 - What is a relationship with a banker?
 - Keep bankers informed!!!







Types of Lenders

- Commercial Banks
- Small to mid size banks
- CDCs (Certified Development Company)
- Growth Partners Non-Profit, small co. loan funds
- 2nd Tier Lenders, Dream Spring, Prestamos, PPEP,





Know other sources

- When you have a specific need:
 - <u>Leasing</u> equipment/vehicles
 - <u>Specialty lenders</u> ie: BDFC ie: lower down payment/buildings, etc.
 - Coron-19 special grants ie City of Tucson







Types of Loans

- Revolving Lines of Credit
 - Uses short term needs
 - Clear once a year
 - Generally a variable rate
- Fixed Loans
 - Used to purchase equipment
 - Consolidate debt to lower payments
 - Purchase vehicles
 - Generally 5-7 year terms
- Real Estate Loans
 - Purchase real property
 - Generally fixed rate
 - Varying amortizations/due dates







What does a banker expect you to know?

- The present condition of your company
- Financial picture (sales, profitability, next steps)
- Competitor information up to date
- Any new trends/opportunities



Perceived usefulness of various financial reports for running the business





Source: Sian and Roberts (2009)

Cash Flow Coverage

Add Backs

- Interest otherwise will be counted twice
- Depreciation Non-cash entry, reduces taxes
- Amortization " " " " "
- Non-Recurring Items





The Balance Sheet

Net Profit from Profit & Loss Statement – minus......

- Open Accounts Receivable
- Current Liabilities
- Long Term Liabilities
- = Cash Flow

Cash Flow divided by all annual debt service needs to be at least 1.25x

ie: Cash Flow \$50,000 Debt Service is \$40,000 = 1.25 coverage YOU WANT TO KNOW THIS TOO!



Cota-Cola Company Balance Sheet (dollar emounts are in millions)					
			Increase (from 200	decrease) 9 to 2010	
	2010	2009	Amount	Percent	
Assets					Cash and cash equivalents increases
Current assets				E-1	22.4%, marketable securites increase
Cash and cash equivalents	\$11,199	\$ 9,151	5 2,048	22.4% 7	122.6%, inventory increased 12.6%, an other current assets increased 42.0%
Marketable securities	138	62	76	122.6%	other current assets increased 42.0%
Accounts receivable (net)	4,410	3,758	672	17.9%	0
Merchandise inventory	2,650	2,354	296	12.6%	Long-term investments increased
Other current assets	3,162	2,226	936	42.0% J	11.2%; property, plant, and
Noncurrent assets				Start Contract	equipment increased 54.0%; and
Long-term investments	9,706	8,731	.975	11.2% 7	intangible assets increased 109.8%.
Property, plant, and equipment (net)	14,727	9,561	5,166	54.0%	
Intangible assets	26,909	12,828	14,081	109.8%	Total assets increased 49.8%.
Total assets	\$72,921	\$48,671	\$24,250	49.8%	
					Accounts payable and accrued liabilities increased 33.1%. Loans and
Liabilities and shareholder's equity					habilities increased 33.1%. Loans and notes payable increased 20.0%, and
Current liabilities	5 8.859	\$ 6657	5 2,202	33,1% 2	notes payable increased 20.0%, and other liabilities increased 391.7%.
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5 8,859	5 0,057	3 2,202	20.0%	other hiblithes increased 391,7%.
Loans and notes payable Other liabilities	1,569	0,749	1,351	301.7%	
Other labilities Noncurrent labilities	1,549	315	2,234	391.7% -	Long-term debt increased 177.5%
Long-term debt	14.041	5,059	8,962	177.5% -	and other liabilities and deferred
Other liabilities and deferred taxes	9.055	4,545	4,510	99.2%	taxes increased 99.2%.
Other labilities and deterred taxes Shareholder's equity		4,343	3,510	#1.cm -	-
Common stock	10.917	9.417	1,520	16.1% ~	Common stock and retained
Retained earnings	49.592	42.084	7.508	17.8%	earnings increased. Accumulated
Accumulated other income (loss)		(757)	(693)	91.5%	other loss and treasury stock went
Treasury stock		(25.398)	(2.364)	9.3%	further into negative territory.
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		\$48,671		49.8%	5
iour monitors and stateholders equity	Construction of the local division of the lo	and the second second	adjustmentation		Total liabilities and shareholders' equity increased 49.8%.



What is an SBA Loan?

- 2 Primary Types 7A and 504
- SBA Preferred Lenders
- SBA Guarantees
- Loan Fees specific to SBA loans
- Collateral everything but
- Down Payments







Credit Scores and Deposits are Important!

- What scores get you the best rates?
- Is it just borrowings?
- Can you improve your score?
- What are alternatives?
- Why do deposits come into play?



Pima Community College Small Business Development Center

- No cost one-on-one counseling
- Extensive banking backgrounds especially in business lending
- We help you assemble a loan package and determine the best avenue to follow
- We work with companies after the loan to help implement the plan that led to the need for funding











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Administration