

August 19, 2021 July 2021 Employment Report

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Types of Employment Data Analyzed Survey of Businesses

Current Employment Statistics

- Employment and wage estimates by industry
- Measures jobs not number of people employed
- Excludes most agriculture, self-employed, family, military and rail workers

Survey of Households

Local Area Unemployment Statistics

- Unemployment, employment and labor force levels by geographic region
- Measures people employed not number of jobs
- Excludes individuals not in the labor force



Types of Analysis Discussed

Month-Over-Month

- Numeric/Percentage Change
- Influence of seasonal trends are included
- <u>Main Use</u>: Compare changes with previous years in the same month – comparison of previous years point-in-time estimates

Year-Over-Year

- Numeric/Percentage Change
- Removes influence of seasonal trends
- <u>Main Use</u>: Compare changes with previous time periods – long-term trends (growing, declining, accelerating, or decelerating)



Month-Over-Month (MoM) Highlights

- The Arizona seasonally adjusted (SA) unemployment rate decreased to 6.6% in July 2021 from 6.8% in June 2021
- The U.S. SA unemployment rate decreased to 5.4% in July 2021 from 5.9% in June 2021
- Arizona nonfarm employment increased by 6,100 jobs
 - The private sector gained 16,100 jobs, while government lost 10,000 jobs
- Seven of the eleven major sectors reported job gains
 - The largest gains occurred in Professional and Business Services (11,700 jobs) and Leisure and Hospitality (2,400 jobs) and
- June 2021 total nonfarm employment losses were revised to 8,000 jobs from 8,800 jobs



Year-Over-Year (YoY) Highlights

- Arizona nonfarm employment increased by 183,200 jobs (6.7%)
- Arizona private sector employment increased by 181,400 jobs (7.7%), while government employment increased by 1,800 jobs (0.5%)
- All eleven sectors recorded job gains
 - The largest gains were recorded in Leisure and Hospitality (60,100 jobs) and Trade, Transportation & Utilities (41,000 jobs)
- All seven Arizona metro areas (MSAs) gained jobs
 - The largest gains were recorded in Prescott MSA (7.6%) and Phoenix MSA (7.6%)





Period	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployment	Unemp. Rate
Jul-2021	3,631,914	3,393,427	238,487	6.6
OTM Change	9,084	15,383	-6,299	-0.2
OTY Change	21,036	159,773	-138,737	-3.8



Labor Force



 The Arizona labor force has grown by 47,869 people (1.3%) since Feb. 2020

Source: Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity



Labor Force



 The U.S. labor force has declined by 3,101,000 people (-1.9%) since Feb. 2020

Source: Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity



Labor Force Comparison



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. Of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics





Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS



Year-Over-Year Employment Change



Notable Change:

 Arizona nonfarm employment increased 6.7% YoY (183,200 jobs)

Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS



COVID-19 Pandemic Impact



Arizona Total Nonfarm Employment

Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

• Since April 2020, 94% (310,600 jobs) of the pandemic job losses have been recovered



COVID-19 Pandemic Impact

U.S. Total Nonfarm Employment



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

 Since April 2020, 75% (16,660,000 jobs) of the pandemic job losses have been recovered



Nonfarm Employment Comparison



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. Of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics



Private Sector Employment Comparison



• Arizona private sector employment has recovered 98% of pandemic job losses

 U.S. private sector employment has recovered 77% of pandemic job losses



United States Quits Rates; Seasonally Adjusted



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Highlight:

- The quits rate increased to 2.7% in June 2021 from 2.5% in May 2021.
- In April 2021, the quits rate hit a historic high of 2.8%





Arizona Month-Over-Month Employment Gain/Loss by Sector

Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics



Total Nonfarm Employment by Region



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS





Lake Havasu MSA Month-Over-Month Employment Gain/Loss by Sector





Yuma MSA Month-Over-Month Employment Gain/Loss by Sector

Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics



Year-Over-Year Employment Change

Arizona Year-Over-Year Employment Gain/Loss by Sector

thousands



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS



Year-Over-Year Employment Change



Total Nonfarm Employment by Region

Over-the-Year Percent Gain/Loss

Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

ARIZONA OFFICE OF ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

Arizona Job Gains and Losses from Feb. '20 to July '21

Seasonally-Adjusted; In Thousands

Sector	Jobs Lost	Jobs Recovered	Percent Recovered
Arizona	331.5	310.6	94%
Sierra Vista-Douglas MSA	2.3	2.9	126%
Lake Havasu City-Kingman MSA	6.1	7.0	115%
Prescott MSA	9.1	9.9	109%
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale MSA	244.3	241.8	99%
Yuma MSA	5.7	4.8	84%
Tucson MSA	44.0	32.9	75%
Flagstaff MSA	12.6	9.0	71%

Source: Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. DOL BLS

Note: February 2020 level was used as the reference month for comparison purposes



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

Highlights:

- Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services gained 4,700 jobs (2.8%)
- Employment Services gained 1,900 jobs (1.9%)
- Business Support Services gained 1,600 jobs (5.0%)
 - Gains in Telemarketing Bureaus and Private Mail Centers, among others
- Services to Buildings and Dwellings gained 1,400
 jobs (2.9%)
 - Gains came from from Pest Control Service and Janitorial Services, among others



Year-Over-Year Employment Change



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

Notable Loss:

• Business Support Services lost 1,300 jobs (-3.7%)

Notable Gains:

- Professional, Scientific and Technical Services gained 16,900 jobs (10.7%)
- Employment Services gained 11,100 jobs (12.3%)
- Services to Buildings and Dwellings gained 4,600 jobs (10.2%)



COVID-19 Pandemic Impact

Arizona Professional & Business Services



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

• Since April 2020, 98% (37,200 jobs) of the pandemic job losses have been recovered





Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

Highlights:

- Transportation and Warehousing lost 500 jobs or -0.4%
 - Losses from Air Traffic Control and Other Support Activities for Transportation
- Retail Trade lost 300 jobs or -0.2%
- Wholesale Trade lost 100 jobs or -0.1%



Year-Over-Year Employment Change



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

Notable Gains:

- Transportation and Warehousing gained 19,000 jobs (16.6%)
- Retail Trade gained 15,000 jobs (4.8%)
 - Clothing and General Merchandise gained 2,000 jobs (2.6%)



COVID-19 Pandemic Impact

Arizona Trade, Transportation and Utilities



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

• Since April 2020, 163% (75,500 jobs) of the pandemic job losses have been recovered



C



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

Highlights:

- Federal Government gained 300 jobs (0.5%)
- Local Government Education lost 9,300 jobs (-8.5%)
 - Seasonal losses because of the public school summer recess
 - Losses were smaller than the pre-pandemic historical losses of 12,900 jobs
- State Government Education lost 700 jobs (-1.7%)





Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS



Year-Over-Year Employment Change



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

Notable Gains:

- Local Government gained 2,000 (0.9%) jobs
 - Local Government Education gained
 3,200 jobs (3.3%) jobs
- State Government Education recorded a gain of 300 jobs (0.8%)



COVID-19 Pandemic Impact



Arizona Government

• Since February 2021, 44% (10,900) of the pandemic jobs losses have been recovered

Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS



C



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

Highlights:

- Food Services and Drinking Places gained 2,400 jobs (1.0%)
- Accommodations gained 200 jobs (0.6%)
 - Gains from Hotels and Motels
- Arts, Entertainment and Recreation lost 200 jobs (-0.5%)





• Gains occurred within Full Services Restaurants and Food Service Contractors, among others

Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

TSA Average Weekly Airport Throughput








Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

Notable Gains:

- Food Services and Drinking Places gained 41,400 jobs (21.5%)
- Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation gained 13,500 jobs (50.4%)
- Accommodations gained 5,200 jobs (18.7%)



Arizona Leisure & Hospitality



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

• Since April 2020, 82% (119,500 jobs) of the pandemic job losses have been recovered





Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

Highlights:

- Credit Intermediaries gained 800 jobs (0.8%)
- Real Estate, Rental, and Leasing gained 800 jobs (1.5%)
- Insurance Carriers gained 600 jobs (0.9%)





Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

Highlights:

- Real Estate, Rental, and Leasing gained 800 jobs (1.5%)
- Gains primarily came from
 - Offices of Real Estate Agents and Brokers
 - Residential Property Managers
 - Other Commercial and Industrial Machinery and Equipment Rental and Leasing





Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

Notable Loss:

Insurance Carriers lost 2,500 jobs (-3.7%)

Notable Gains:

- Credit Intermediaries gained 4,500 jobs (4.9%)
- Real Estate and Rental and Leasing gained 1,400 jobs (2.7%)
- Financial Investments and Vehicles gained 500 jobs (2.5%)





Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

• Since April 2020, 138% (6,500 jobs) of the pandemic job losses have been recovered





Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

Highlights:

- Construction of Buildings gained 700 jobs (1.9%)
- Heavy and Civil Engineering lost 300 jobs (-1.4%)
- Specialty Trade Construction lost 100 jobs (-0.1%)



Arizona New Private Housing Units Authorized by Building Permits; Seasonally Adjusted



Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Notable Changes:

 5,401 building permits were authorized in June 2021, up 543 (11.2%) from June 2020.





Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

Notable Loss:

Heavy and Civil Construction lost 200 jobs (-1.0%)

Notable Gains:

- Construction of Buildings gained 2,600 jobs (7.4%)
- Specialty Trades Construction gained 1,600 jobs (1.4%)





Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

 Since April 2020, 82% (5,400 jobs) of the pandemic job losses have been recovered



in Thousands

Employment



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

Highlights:

- Nondurable Goods gained 100 jobs (0.2%)
- Durable Goods job growth remained unchanged





Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

^{nds)} Notable Gains:

- Durable Goods gained 4,500 jobs (3.4%)
- Nondurable Goods gained 1,900 jobs (4.6%)





Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

 Since July 2020, 88% (6,600 jobs) of the pandemic job losses have been recovered





Highlights:

- Ambulatory Health Services gained 2,400 jobs (1.3%)
- Social Assistance lost 1,000 jobs (-1.7%)
- Hospitals lost 500 jobs (-0.5%)
- Nursing and Residential Care Facilities lost 600 jobs (-1.1%)
- Educational Services lost 2,300 jobs (-3.3%)





Notable Gains:

- Ambulatory Health Care Services gained 12,200 jobs (7.0%)
- Educational Services gained 10,900 jobs (19.4%)

 Nursing and Residential Care Facilities gained 600 jobs (1.1%)



Arizona Education and Health Services



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

- Since April 2020, 92% (43,100 jobs) of the pandemic job losses have been recovered
 - Healthcare has recovered 103% of jobs lost
 - Educational Services has recovered 59% of jobs lost





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Arizona Natural Resources & Mining

Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

 Since July 2020, 73% (800 jobs) of the pandemic job losses have been recovered



Employment in Thousands



 Gains were recorded within Civic and Social Organizations, among others

Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS









Arizona Other Services

Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

• Since April 2020, 99% (20,100 jobs) of the pandemic job losses have been recovered



Employment in Thousands



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS





Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS



Arizona Information



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS

• Since June 2020, 32% (2,200 jobs) of the pandemic job losses have been recovered



Arizona Job Gains and Losses from Feb. '20 to July '21

Seasonally-Adjusted; In Thousands

Sector	Jobs Lost	Jobs Recovered	Percent Recovered
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	45.8	75.5	165%
Financial Activities	4.6	6.5	141%
Other Services	20.4	20.1	99%
Professional & Business Svcs	37.9	37.2	98%
Education and Health Services	46.8	43.1	92%
Manufacturing	7.2	6.6	92%
Construction	6.6	5.4	82%
Leisure & Hospitality	146.6	119.5	82%
Natural Resources & Mining	1.0	0.8	80%
Information	6.8	2.2	32%
Government	23.5	9.4	40%
Private Sector	321.6	314.8	98%
Total Nonfarm Employment	331.5	310.6	94%

Source: Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. DOL BLS

Note: February 2020 level was used as the reference month for comparison purposes



U.S. Job Gains and Losses from Feb. '20 to July '21

Seasonally-Adjusted; In Thousands

Sector	Jobs Lost	Jobs Recovered	Percent Recovered
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	3,363.0	2,858.0	85%
Other Services	1,410.0	1,174.0	83%
Financial Activities	279.0	231.0	83%
Construction	1,113.0	886.0	80%
Leisure & Hospitality	8,224.0	6,487.0	79%
Professional & Business Svcs	2,387.0	1,831.0	77%
Manufacturing	1,385.0	952.0	69%
Education and Health Services	2,843.0	1,890.0	66%
Natural Resources & Mining	101.0	48.0	48%
Information	322.0	150.0	47%
Government	1,521.0	739.0	49%
Private Sector	21,353.0	16,433.0	77%
Total Nonfarm Employment	22,362.0	16,660.0	75%

Source: Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity in cooperation with the U.S. DOL BLS

Note: February 2020 level was used as the reference month for comparison purposes



QCEW and CES Employment Comparison

Not Seasonally Adjusted Total Employment Growth*



*Note: QCEW and CES estiamtes use slightly different definitions to estiamte total employment. One-to-one comparisons of QCEW and CES growth are not recommended for official purposes

Source: Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity

- QCEW YoY employment declines from Oct.
 '20 Dec. '20 were smaller than CES YoY declines over the same period.
 - QCEW reported declines of 3.2%,
 3.2% and 3.3% from from Oct. '20 Dec. '20
 - CES reported declines of 3.9%, 4.1%
 and 4.2% from from Oct. '20 Dec. '20



Report Summary

- Month-over-month, Arizona nonfarm employment increased by 6,100 jobs
 - Seven of the eleven major sectors gained jobs
- Year-over-year, Arizona nonfarm employment increased by 6.7%, while U.S nonfarm employment increased by 5.3% YoY
- Arizona nonfarm employment has recovered 94% of the jobs lost during the COVID-19 pandemic, while U.S. nonfarm employment has recovered 75% of the lost jobs
- The Arizona unemployment rate decreased to 6.6% in July 2021 from 6.8% in June 2021
- Month-over-month, the Arizona labor force increased by 9,084 individuals



Thank You Any Questions?

Upcoming Releases:

September 16, 2021: August Employment Report

